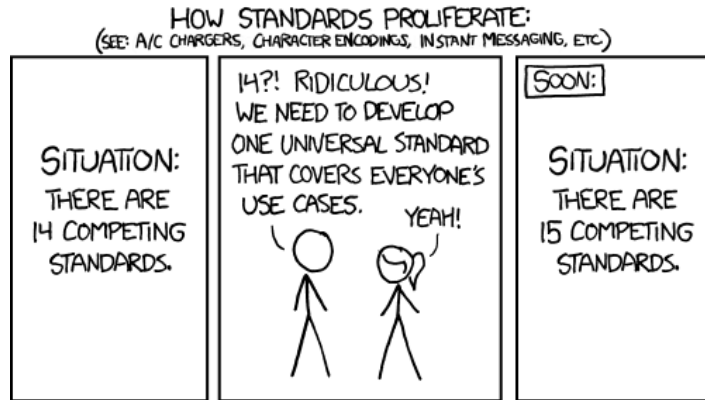


## PHME Panel

### Standards and Regulations- Affecting PHM Development and Application



xkcd, 2013

**Welcome-** Jeff Bird (PHM Society)

**Provocative remarks by panelists**

Dr. Rune Prytz, Stratio

Dr. Huiqi (Yvonne) Lu, University of Oxford Engineering Science

Computational Health Informatics Lab

Rhonda Walthall, Collins Aerospace

Invited inputs: Lee Glazier, Head of Service Integrity at Rolls-Royce

**Lots of Open Discussion**

1. Boost innovation, sustainability, business cases and trust?
2. More accessible, trusted and responsive to the value chain?
3. Other priority issues?

[Participate in the standards discussion group on the PHME22 smart phone app](#)

### **PHM Society Standards Committee**

Brian Weiss, Jeff Bird, John Madsen, Ravi Rajamani

# PHM Society Role?

## **Society Objectives**

1. Free access to PHM knowledge,
2. Interdisciplinary and international collaboration
3. Advance the engineering discipline

## **Observations**

1. Diverse body of PHM knowledge out there: Standards, lessons learned, information, few case studies
2. Multi-disciplinary awareness and engagement is lacking: Many entrants come from single specialities
3. Wide continuing standards participation is difficult: Small companies, long time frame for development
4. To mature knowledge from theory to practice is challenging: Knowing about relevant standards across disciplines, Developing Body Of Knowledge to complement academic training
5. Data and information sharing protocols are essential but problematic: Proprietary and sector specific information

# PHM Society Activities

## Traditional

1. Panels
2. Special issues of journal and tutorials- subjects?
3. Program updates and on-line forum
4. Connections among current PHMers

## New initiatives

1. Standards Users Group
2. PHM Standards Portal: One stop for docs, resources, forum
3. Interactions with SAE, ASME, IEEE, ISA, NIST
4. Standards Review Portal: *PHM- ISO Connect*
5. *Domain specific like Machine Learning ??*

# Rolls Royce Aletheia Project

“The Aletheia Framework – a toolkit that we believe creates a new global standard for practical applications of ethical AI. Follow the checks and balances within it and organizations can be sure that their AI project is fair, trustworthy and ethical. We are applying it to accelerate our progress to industry 5.0” - Warren East, Chief Executive – Rolls Royce

Focii: Social Impact, Accuracy/Trust, Governance

With benefits, ethics and realization principles

# Aletheia Framework™

the Rolls-Royce response to ensuring the development and use of Artificial Intelligence is undertaken in an ethical way



*accessible, comprehensive, trustworthy, proceduralised*

# Observations to provoke thoughts:-

- Principle references for AI ethics – guidance, standards, regulations and legislation are all generally 75 – 125 pages long.
- A very recent Standard published on AI Bias had 23 pages of references.

## Social Impact

- Benefits
- Human impact
- Communications
- Potentially irreplaceable loss of skills

## Accuracy/Trust

- Human safety/zero harm
- Transparency/traceability
- Bias
- Validity/explainability/reliability
- Sparse data interpolation

AF

## Governance

- Data protection
- Export control
- Confidential information
- Cyber secure
- Accountability
- Responsibility for decisions
- Risks from re-use/transfer across processes

### Principle references

Good Corporation - Developing an Ethical Future for AI

EU Ethics Guidelines

European Parliament Committee on Industry, Research and Energy – Draft Report on a comprehensive European industrial policy on artificial intelligence and robotics

Validation and Control of Artificial Intelligence (AI) in Critical Manufacturing Processes

Asilomar AI Principles

# Mapping ethical challenges

# The Aletheia Framework

A practical tool for ethical and trustworthy AI

What

How

Evidence

What		How		Evidence
Trust	AI systems must be free from bias or prejudice.	15	It shall be clearly stated how any training data sets have been assured to have no unintentional or unethical biases, noting that, for example, if an AI sub-system is being used to detect anomalies, the training set may need a deliberate bias to ensure sufficient amounts of anomalies occur at different rates.	?
Accuracy	Bias			
and				
Control				



# Panelists and Discussion Leaders

Dr. Rune Prytz, Stratio

Dr. Huiqi (Yvonne) Lu, University of Oxford Engineering Science Computational Health Informatics Lab

Rhonda Walthall, Collins Aerospace

1. How can innovation, sustainability, business case rationalization and trustworthiness be boosted by standards and best practices?
2. How can best practices and standards be more accessible, trusted and responsive to all parts of the research, development, commercialization and asset management value chain?
3. Panelists challenge questions
  1. What are the main issues with ethics and bias ... and the solutions?
  2. How should ethics and bias apply to standards etc. generally?
  3. Are tools and decision support accurate, true and fair?
  4. Operating well for good outcomes for all stakeholders?
  5. Ethically sound as standards for human experts?

The background of the slide is a long-exposure photograph of a road at night. Bright red and orange light trails from car taillights curve through the frame, leading towards a dark tunnel entrance in the distance. The scene is dimly lit, with the primary light source being the moving vehicles.

stratio

# Privacy and Regulations

Developing and deploying PHM systems  
for machines used by humans

© 2019 STRA S.A. and Stratio Automotive Inc. All rights reserved.  
This document is strictly confidential.

# Background

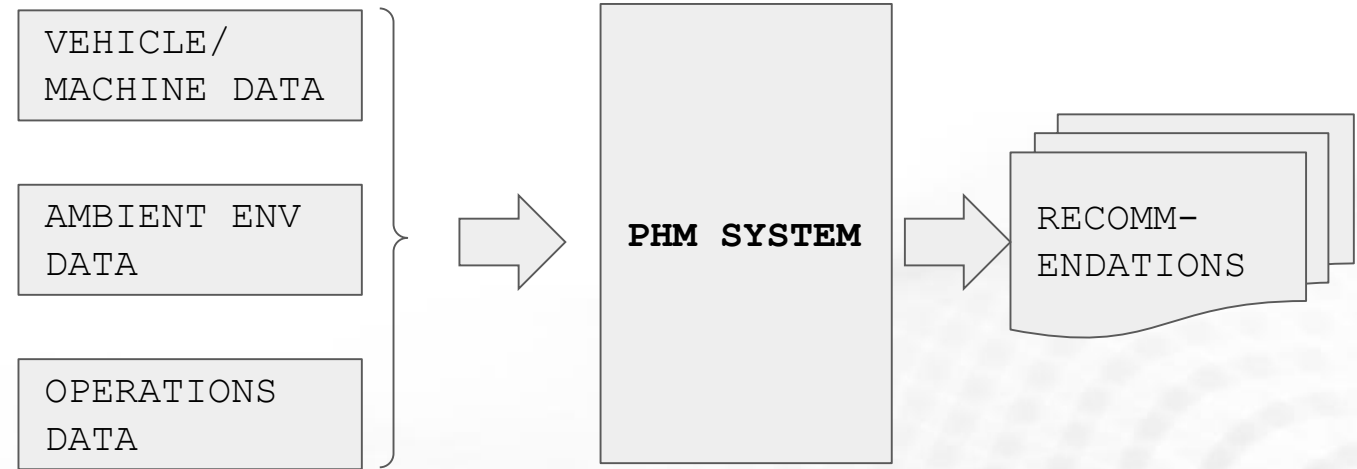
- Predicting vehicle failures ahead of time to optimize vehicle fleet operations
- Not safety critical
- Add on solution to existing vehicles
- Add on solution to existing vehicles
- Not safety critical

# Background

Predicting vehicle failures ahead of time  
to optimize vehicle fleet operations

Not safety critical

Add on solution to existing vehicles



Add on solution to existing vehicles

Not safety critical

# Problem formulation

The better we describe the machines  
historic use the more precise we can predict  
its future

its future

historic use the more precise we can predict

The better we describe the machines

More detailed data will inevitably reveal  
patterns and information not only related to  
the primary goal. I.e. PHM.

the primary goal. I.e. PHM.

patterns and information not only related to

More detailed data will inevitably reveal

# Problem formulation

The better we describe the machines historic use the more precise we can predict its future

its future

historic use the more precise we can predict

The better we describe the machines

The longer historic data records improve generalization and faults covered.

generalization and faults covered.

The longer historic data records improve

More detailed data will inevitably reveal patterns and information not only related to the primary goal. I.e. PHM.

the primary goal. I.e. PHM.

patterns and information not only related to

more detailed data will inevitably reveal

Longer history may also reveal which patterns that are not related to PHM.

patterns that are not related to PHM.

longer history may also reveal which

# Example

Maintenance personnel in the workshop uses a fleet management tool with PHM support in order to plan their upcoming work

support in order to plan their upcoming work  
uses a fleet management tool with PHM  
Maintenance personnel in the workshop

They discover a pattern

- There is always one bus indicating significantly higher wear rate
- It is not always the same bus

- It is not always the same bus
- significantly higher wear rate
- There is always one bus indicating

They discover a pattern



# Example

Maintenance personnel in the workshop uses a fleet management tool with PHM support in order to plan their upcoming work

support in order to plan their upcoming work

uses a fleet management tool with PHM  
The increased wear pattern is found to be correlated with the same driver being assigned to said bus.

assigned to said bus.  
correlated with the same driver being  
The increased wear pattern is found to be

They discover a pattern

- There is always one bus indicating significantly higher wear rate
- It is not always the same bus

- It is not always the same bus  
significantly higher wear rate

- There is always one bus indicating  
The privacy of the driver has been violated since he has indirectly been monitored, identified and linked to undesired behavior.

identified and linked to undesired behavior.  
since he has indirectly been monitored,  
The privacy of the driver has been violated

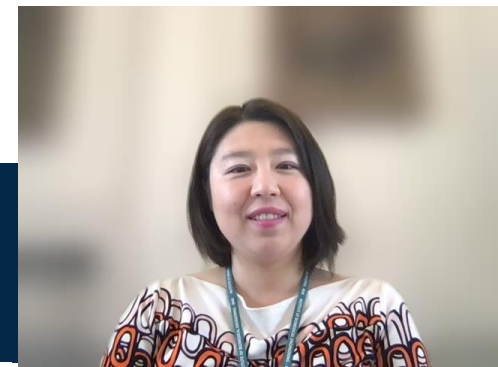


# Questions of the audience

1. What technical or non-technical best practices have you developed to ensure privacy in real world data?
1. Have you used any standard to ensure the necessary privacy is met?

# Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning Regulatory Frameworks and Standards

Dr. Huiqi (Yvonne) Lu, Engineering Science, University of Oxford





- **Regulatory Frameworks and Standards:** Regulate AI technologies to be developed responsibly, work as advertised, and are safe for industry users and customers.
- **Evaluation and Validation:** Evaluation based on regulations and standards; validation externally and locally.
- **Guidelines:** Procurement, development and use of AI.
- **Liability and Accountability**



# EU AI Regulation – what it means for industries



## Unacceptable-risk AI systems

- Subliminal, manipulative, or exploitative techniques causing harm
- Real-time, remote biometric identification systems used in public spaces for law enforcement
- All forms of social scoring



## High-risk AI systems

- Systems that evaluate consumer creditworthiness
- Recruiting or employee-management systems
- Systems utilizing biometric identification in nonpublic spaces
- Safety-critical systems (eg, systems that would put the health of citizens at risk due to failure)
- Any systems used in the administration of justice



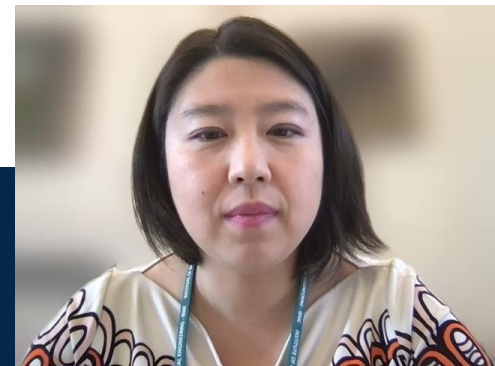
## Limited- and minimal-risk AI systems

- AI chatbots
- AI-enabled video and computer games
- Spam filters
- Inventory-management systems
- Customer- and market-segmentation systems
- Most other AI systems



# EU Regulation into Effect – Preparations

- **EU and Non-EU Products:** developed in the EU use worldwide; developed outside of the EU but used within the EU.
- **Risk-specific Requirements for AI Systems:** develop risk-management infrastructure, data governance and management, technical preparations (accuracy, robustness, ethical, human oversight, and cybersecurity), and post-market monitoring pipelines.
- **Timeline**



# ISO Standards in AI

- ✓ *ISO/IEC 38507:2022*: Information technology — Governance of IT — **Governance implications of the use of artificial intelligence by organizations**
- ✓ *ISO/IEC 23053:2022*: **Framework for Artificial Intelligence (AI) Systems Using Machine Learning (ML)**
- ✓ *ISO/IEC TR 24372:2021*: Information technology — Artificial intelligence (AI) — **Overview of computational approaches for AI systems**
- ✓ *ISO/IEC TR 24030:2021*: Information technology — Artificial intelligence (AI) — **Use cases**
- ✓ *ISO/IEC TR 24029-1:2021*: Artificial Intelligence (AI) — **Assessment of the robustness of neural networks**
- ✓ *ISO/IEC TR 24027:2021*: Information technology — Artificial intelligence (AI) — **Bias in AI systems and AI aided decision making**
- ✓ *ISO/IEC TR 24028:2020*: Information technology — Artificial intelligence — **Overview of trustworthiness in artificial intelligence**
- ✓ *ISO/IEC TR 20547-5*: Information technology — **Big data reference architecture**
- ✓ *ISO/IEC 20546:2019*: Information technology — Big data — **Overview and vocabulary**





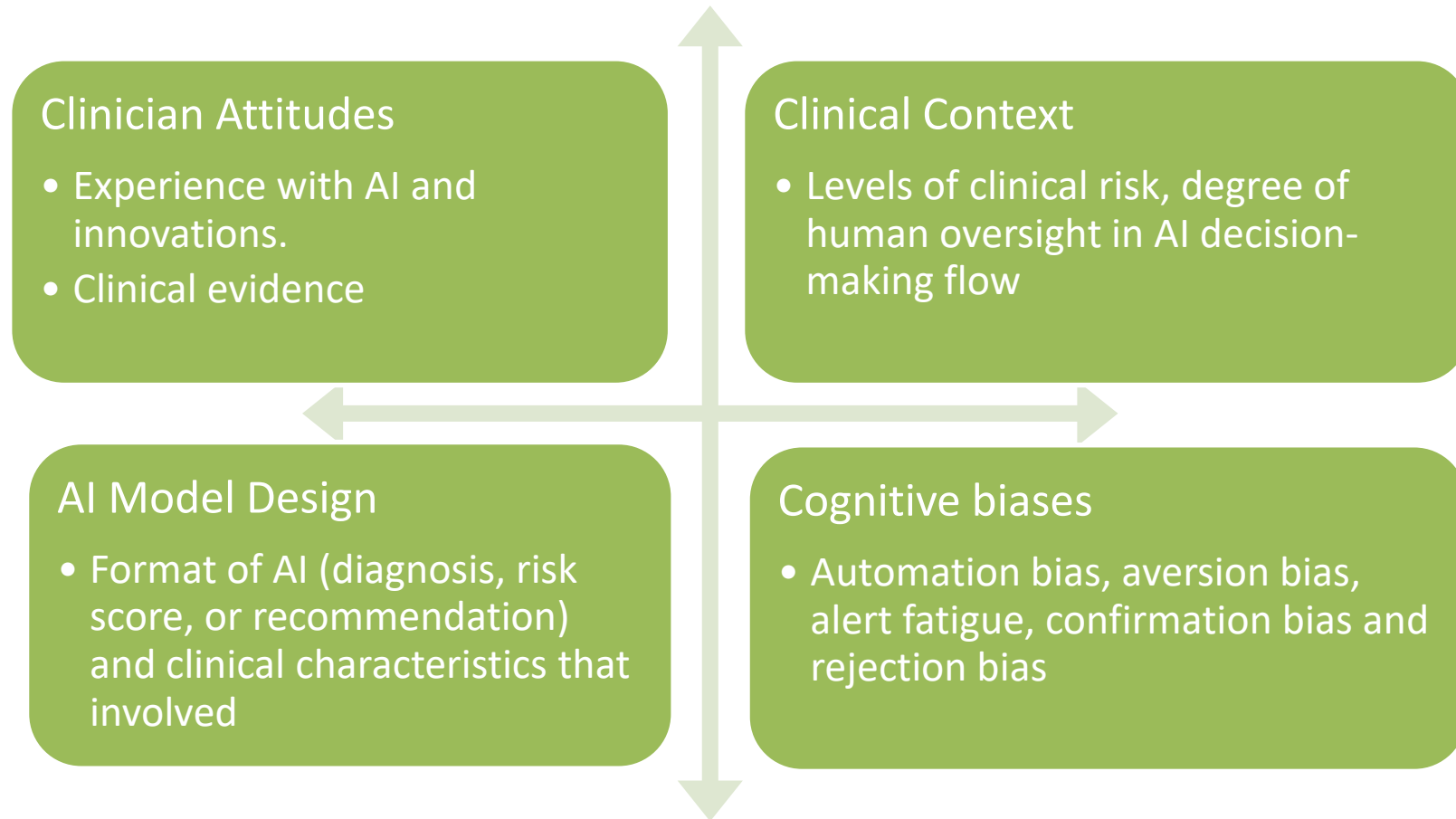
# IEEE Standards in AI + Industry



- ✓ *IEEE 2801-2022*: Approved Draft Recommended Practice for the **Quality Management of Datasets for Medical Artificial Intelligence**
- ✓ *IEEE 2671-2022*: Approved Draft Standard for General Requirements of **Online Detection Based on Machine Vision in Intelligent Manufacturing**
- ✓ *IEEE 2941-2021*: Standard for **Artificial Intelligence (AI) Model Representation, Compression, Distribution, and Management**
- ✓ *IEEE 7010-2020*: Recommended Practice for Assessing the **Impact of Autonomous and Intelligent Systems on Human Well-Being**
- ✓ *IEEE 3527.1-2020*: **Standard for Digital Intelligence (DQ)** —Framework for Digital Literacy, Skills, and Readiness
- ✓ *IEEE C37.237-2018*: Standard for Requirements for **Time Tags Created by Intelligent Electronic Devices**—COMTAG
- ✓ *IEEE 1232.3-2014*: Guide for the Use of **Artificial Intelligence Exchange and Service Tie to All Test Environments** (AI-ESTATE)
- ✓ *IEEE 1445-2016*: Standard for **Digital Test Interchange Format** (DTIF)
- ✓ *IEEE 1686-2007*: IEEE Standard for **Substation Intelligent Electronic Devices (IEDs) Cyber Security Capabilities**
- ✓ *IEEE 1636.2-2010*: Standard for Software Interface for Maintenance Inform and Analysis (SIMICA): **Exchanging Action Information via** the Extension Language (**XML**)



# Case Study: Assessing factors that impact confidence in AI-derived information during clinical decision making



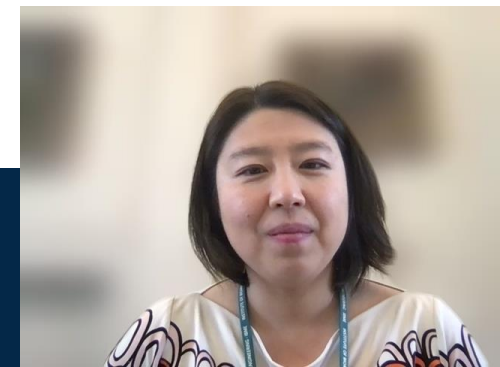


- A robust and flexible legal framework
- Future-proof in its fundamental regulatory choices
- Risk-based regulatory approach



## Questions for the audience

1. What AI-related standards would you like PHM to develop?
2. Which standards are most relevant for your area of interest and why?





# STANDARDS AND REGULATIONS AFFECTING PHM DEVELOPMENT AND APPLICATION

Rhonda Walthall

*PHM Fellow, Collins*


*Aerospace*

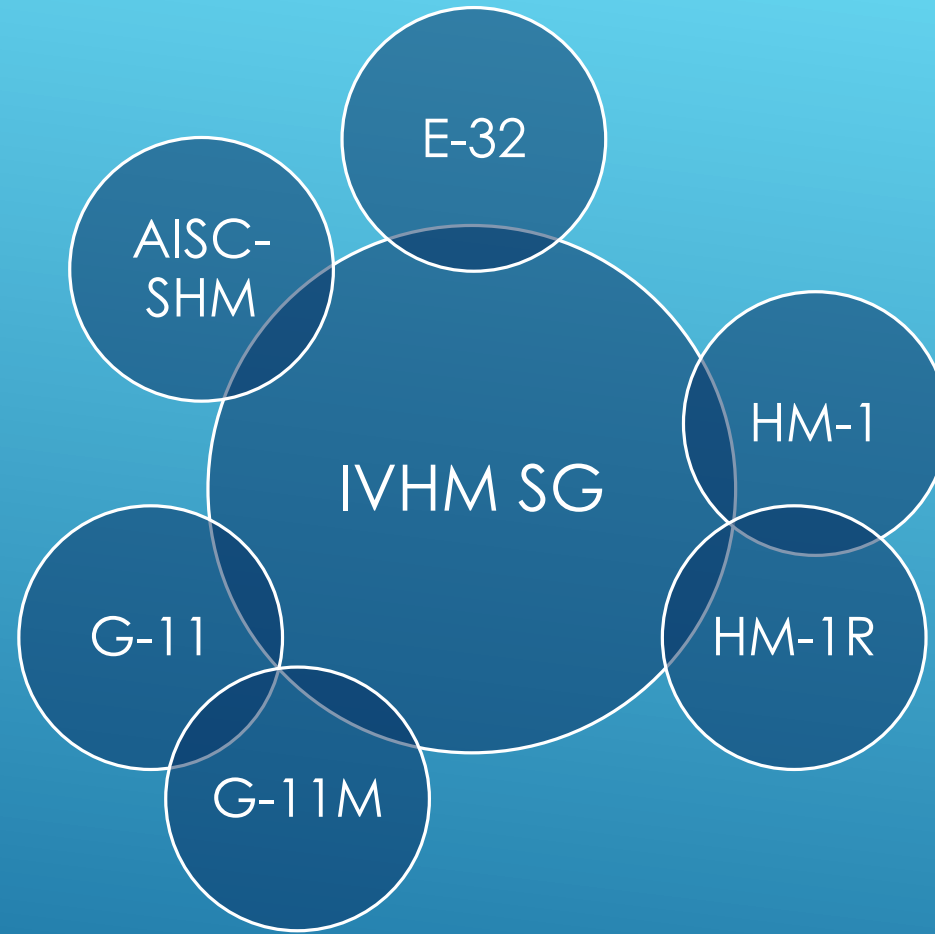
*SAE Fellow*

*PHM Society Fellow*

July 9, 2022

# IMPLEMENTATION OF AHM INTO THE MSG-3 ANALYSIS

- ▶ On June 20, 2022, the IMRBPB voted to accept the implementation of IP-180 into the MSG-3 analysis
  - ▶ TC holders may now use AHM as an alternative means of compliance to scheduled maintenance for non-safety critical items
- 
- A series of white lines of varying lengths and orientations are positioned in the bottom right corner of the slide, creating a modern, abstract graphic element.



SAE PHM STANDARDS COMMITTEES

# IVHM STEERING GROUP

Development of a single definition and taxonomy of IVHM

Identification of how and where IVHM could be implemented

Development of a roadmap for IVHM standards

Identification of future IVHM technology and regulatory needs

Recommendation of technical standards requirements

- ▶ Coordinates IVHM and health management standards developed by current and future SAE committees
- ▶ Provides leadership for the aerospace and IVHM communities

Sep 29 – Austin, Texas, USA  
Spring 2023 - TBD

# HM-1 COMMITTEE STANDARDS

## 18 Documents Published:

- **ARP6803** – IVHM Concepts, Technology, and Implementation Overview
- **ARP6407** – IVHM Design Guidelines
- **ARP6883** – Guidelines for Writing IVHM Requirements for Aerospace Systems
- **AS4831A** – Software Interfaces for Ground-Based System Monitoring
- **JA6268** – Design & Runtime Information Exchange for Health-Ready Components
- **JA6097** – Using a Reliability Model to Optimize Maintenance Costs
- **AIR6212** – Use of Health Monitoring Systems to Detect Aircraft Exposure to Volcanic Events
- **AIR6900** – Applicable Aircraft IVHM Regulations, Policy, and Guidance
- **AIR6915** – Human Factor Considerations in the Implementation of IVHM
- **AIR8012** – PHM Guidelines for Electro-Mechanical Actuators
- **AIR6275A** – Determination of Cost Benefits from Implementing IVHM

## 6 Documents in WIP:

- **ARP6290** – Guidelines for the Development of Architectures for IVHM Systems
- **ARP7122** – Utilizing Aircraft Integrated Health Management for Airworthiness Credits
- **AIR6970** – Environmental Spectra and Corrosivity Monitoring Using Electrochemical and Electrical Resistance sensors
- **ARP6887** – V&V of IVHM Systems
- **JA1013** – CBM Recommended Practices
- **JA7214** – Special Considerations for the Application of IVHM to Autonomous Aircraft and Vehicles

Oct 11-13, 2022 – Lisbon, Portugal  
Feb 28 – Mar 2, 2023 – Orlando, FL USA

# HM-1R COMMITTEE STANDARDS

## **6 Published Documents to be Transferred from HM-1:**

- **ARP5783** – HUMS Metrics, Monitoring the Monitor
- **AS5391A** – Helicopter HUMS Accelerometer Interface Specification
- **AS5392A** – HUMS Rotational System Indexing Sensor Specification
- **AS5393A** – HUMS Blade Tracker Interface Specification
- **AS5394A** – HUMS Advanced Multipoint Interface Specification
- **AS5395** – HUMS Data Interchange Specification



## **1 Document soon to be in WIP:**

- Data Interchange Specification for HUMS

Inaugural Meeting in August: Huntsville AL USA



# E-32 STANDARDS

## 8 Documents In WIP:

- **ARP5987A** – A Process for Utilizing Aerospace Propulsion Health Management for Maintenance Credit
- **ARP6835** – Propulsion System Monitoring for Continued Airworthiness
- **ARP1587C** – Aircraft Gas Turbine Engine Health Management System Guide
- **ARP5120A** – Aircraft Gas Turbine Engine Health Management Development and Integration Guide
- **AIR1871D** – Lessons Learned from Developing, Implementing and Operating a Health Management System for Propulsion and Drive Train Systems
- **AIR1900B** – Guide to Temperature Monitoring in Gas Turbine Engines
- **AIR4176B** – Cost Versus Benefits of Engine Monitoring Systems
- **AIR46C** – The Preparation and Use of Chromel-Alumel Thermocouples for Aircraft Gas Turbine Engines

## 14 Documents Published:

- **AIR1828C** – Guide to Engine Lubrication System Monitoring
- **AIR5317A** – A Guide to APU Health Management
- **AIR5871A** – Prognostics for Aerospace propulsion Systems
- **AIR7999** – Diagnostic and Prognostic Metrics for Aerospace Propulsion Health Management Systems
- **ARP1839** – A Guide to Aircraft Turbine Engine Vibration Monitoring Systems
- 4 thermocouple documents

Mar 29-31, 2022 – Madrid, Spain

Fall 2022 – San Diego, CA

Spring 23 – Long Island, NY – Meeting #100!

# AISC-SHM STANDARDS

## 3 Documents Published:

- **AIR6245** – Perspectives on Integrating Structural Health Monitoring Systems into Fixed-Wing Military Aircraft
- **AIR6892** – Structural Health Monitoring Considerations and Guidance Specific to Rotorcraft
- **ARP6461A** – Guidelines for Implementation of Structural Health Monitoring on Fixed Wing Aircraft

## 1 Document in WIP:

- **ARP6821** – Guidance for Assessing the Damage Detection capability of Structural Health Monitoring Systems

SHM Summit with Regulators planned for 2022  
Meets in conjunction with IWSHM at Stanford

# G-11M STANDARDS

## **5 Documents Published:**


- **AIR4276A** – Survey Results: Computerization of Reliability, Maintainability, and Supportability in Design
- **JA1010/1-202205** – Maintainability Program Standard Implementation Guide
- **JA1010-201108** – Maintainability Program Standard
- **JA1011-200908** – Evaluation Criteria for Reliability-Centered Maintenance Processes
- **JA1012-201108** – A Guide to the Reliability-Centered Maintenance Standard

No meetings planned

- ▶ Contact SAE Committee Manager,  
Kevin Bires: [kevin.bires@sae.org](mailto:kevin.bires@sae.org)

HOW TO GET INVOLVED

## Questions for the audience

1. What PHM standards would you like to see developed?
  2. Which standards development organizations do feel produces the most relevant standards and best practices for your area of interest?
  3. What is your primary source for PHM standards and recommended practices?
- 
- A series of four parallel white lines of varying lengths, slanted diagonally upwards from left to right, located in the bottom right corner of the slide.



# STANDARDS AND REGULATIONS AFFECTING PHM DEVELOPMENT AND APPLICATION

Rhonda Walthall

*PHM Fellow, Collins*

*Aerospace*

*SAE Fellow*

*PHM Society Fellow*

July 9, 2022



- ▶ On June 20, 2022, the IMRBPB voted to accept the implementation of IP-180 into the MSG-3 analysis
- ▶ Introduces Level 3 decision logic to determine if AHM can be used in conjunction with existing scheduled maintenance tasks (hybrid) or as an alternative to these tasks
- ▶ Applicable only to non-safety critical fault effects
- ▶ Allows TC holders to use AHM as an alternative means of compliance for initial and continued airworthiness determinations

## IMPLEMENTATION OF AHM INTO THE MSG-3 ANALYSIS

## Existing Maintenance Tasks

### Level 1

Each Functional Failure is evaluated to determine the Failure Effect Category

- ▶ Catastrophic, Critical, Major, etc.
- ▶ Safety, operational, economic, hidden safety, hidden non-safety
- ▶ ETOPS, RVSM, Cat III

### Level 2

The Failure Causes for each Functional Failure is used to select the specific type of maintenance task(s) required

## AHM Alternative

### Level 3

Each Failure Cause is evaluated to determine if: the IAHM system could

- ▶ detect the need for lubrication and servicing, detect degradation, or detect hidden failures
- ▶ detect the above conditions with enough lead time to schedule corrective action
- ▶ be effective
- ▶ satisfy a full or partial alternative to a classic task

MSG-3 2022 will include the Level 3 analysis





SAE PHM STANDARDS COMMITTEES

# IVHM STEERING GROUP

Development of a single definition and taxonomy of IVHM

Identification of how and where IVHM could be implemented

Development of a roadmap for IVHM standards

Identification of future IVHM technology and regulatory needs

Recommendation of technical standards requirements

- ▶ Coordinates IVHM and health management standards developed by current and future SAE committees
- ▶ Provides leadership for the aerospace and IVHM communities

Sep 29 – Austin, Texas, USA  
Spring 2023 - TBD

# E-32 STANDARDS

## 8 Documents In WIP:

- **ARP5987A** – A Process for Utilizing Aerospace Propulsion Health Management for Maintenance Credit
- **ARP6835** – Propulsion System Monitoring for Continued Airworthiness
- **ARP1587C** – Aircraft Gas Turbine Engine Health Management System Guide
- **ARP5120A** – Aircraft Gas Turbine Engine Health Management Development and Integration Guide
- **AIR1871D** – Lessons Learned from Developing, Implementing and Operating a Health Management System for Propulsion and Drive Train Systems
- **AIR1900B** – Guide to Temperature Monitoring in Gas Turbine Engines
- **AIR4176B** – Cost Versus Benefits of Engine Monitoring Systems
- **AIR46C** – The Preparation and Use of Chromel-Alumel Thermocouples for Aircraft Gas Turbine Engines

## 14 Documents Published:

- **AIR1828C** – Guide to Engine Lubrication System Monitoring
- **AIR5317A** – A Guide to APU Health Management
- **AIR5871A** – Prognostics for Aerospace propulsion Systems
- **AIR7999** – Diagnostic and Prognostic Metrics for Aerospace Propulsion Health Management Systems
- **ARP1839** – A Guide to Aircraft Turbine Engine Vibration Monitoring Systems
- 4 thermocouple documents

Mar 29-31, 2022 – Madrid, Spain

Fall 2022 – San Diego, CA

Spring 23 – Long Island, NY – Meeting #100!

# ARP5987A

## A PROCESS FOR UTILIZING AEROSPACE PROPULSION HEALTH MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS FOR AIRWORTHINESS CREDIT

- ▶ First version published in 2018.
- ▶ New version incorporates major terminology change: “Airworthiness Credits” replacing “Maintenance Credits,” to emphasize both initial airworthiness and continued airworthiness.
- ▶ Has input from major engine OEMs and regulators.
- ▶ Is the basis for ARP7122.
- ▶ Emphasizes the end-to-end nature of the HM function involving onboard and offboard elements.
- ▶ Presents guidelines for HM systems that are certified during initial type certification and for systems that are approved for retrofit.

### Health Management & Airworthiness Credits

#### Retrofit design (modify existing ICA)

##### Examples

- Replace a manual task with automated one.
- Reduce/remove a scheduled task.
- Make tasks condition-based.
- Support in-service issue with monitoring instead of mandated inspections.
- AMOC for an airworthiness directive (AD).

#### New design (develop novel ICA)

##### Examples

- Reduce design conservatism with health management.
- Use data to drive new maintenance procedures.

# HM-1 COMMITTEE STANDARDS

## 18 Documents Published:

- **ARP6803** – IVHM Concepts, Technology, and Implementation Overview
- **ARP6407** – IVHM Design Guidelines
- **ARP6883** – Guidelines for Writing IVHM Requirements for Aerospace Systems
- **AS4831A** – Software Interfaces for Ground-Based System Monitoring
- **JA6268** – Design & Runtime Information Exchange for Health-Ready Components
- **JA6097** – Using a Reliability Model to Optimize Maintenance Costs
- **AIR6212** – Use of Health Monitoring Systems to Detect Aircraft Exposure to Volcanic Events
- **AIR6900** – Applicable Aircraft IVHM Regulations, Policy, and Guidance
- **AIR6915** – Human Factor Considerations in the Implementation of IVHM
- **AIR8012** – PHM Guidelines for Electro-Mechanical Actuators
- **AIR6275A** – Determination of Cost Benefits from Implementing IVHM

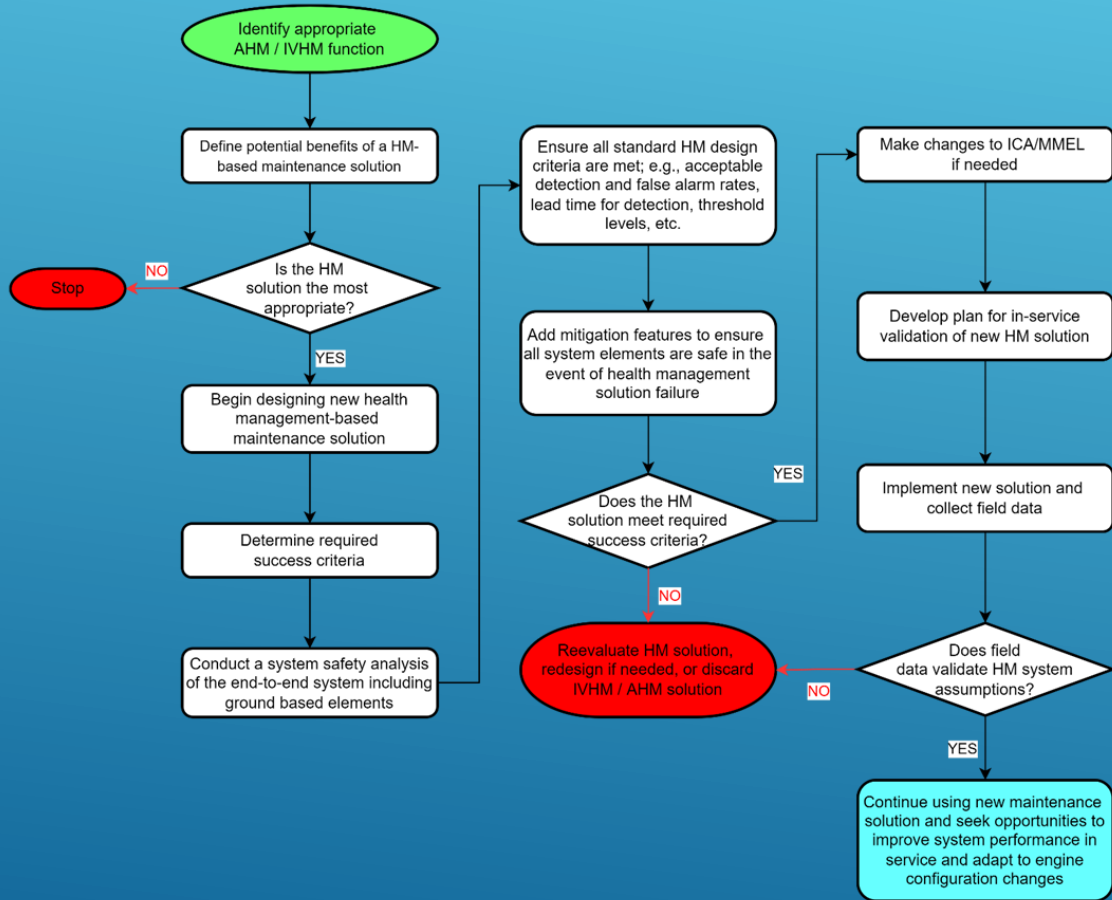
## 6 Documents in WIP:

- **ARP7122** – Utilizing Aircraft Integrated Health Management for Airworthiness Credits
- **ARP6290** – Guidelines for the Development of Architectures for IVHM Systems
- **AIR6970** – Environmental Spectra and Corrosivity Monitoring Using Electrochemical and Electrical Resistance sensors
- **ARP6887** – V&V of IVHM Systems
- **JA1013** – CBM Recommended Practices
- **JA7214** – Special Considerations for the Application of IVHM to Autonomous Aircraft and Vehicles

Oct 11-13, 2022 – Lisbon, Portugal  
Feb 28 – Mar 2, 2023 – Orlando, FL USA

# ARP7122A

## UTILIZING AIRCRAFT IVHM SYSTEMS FOR AIRWORTHINESS CREDIT



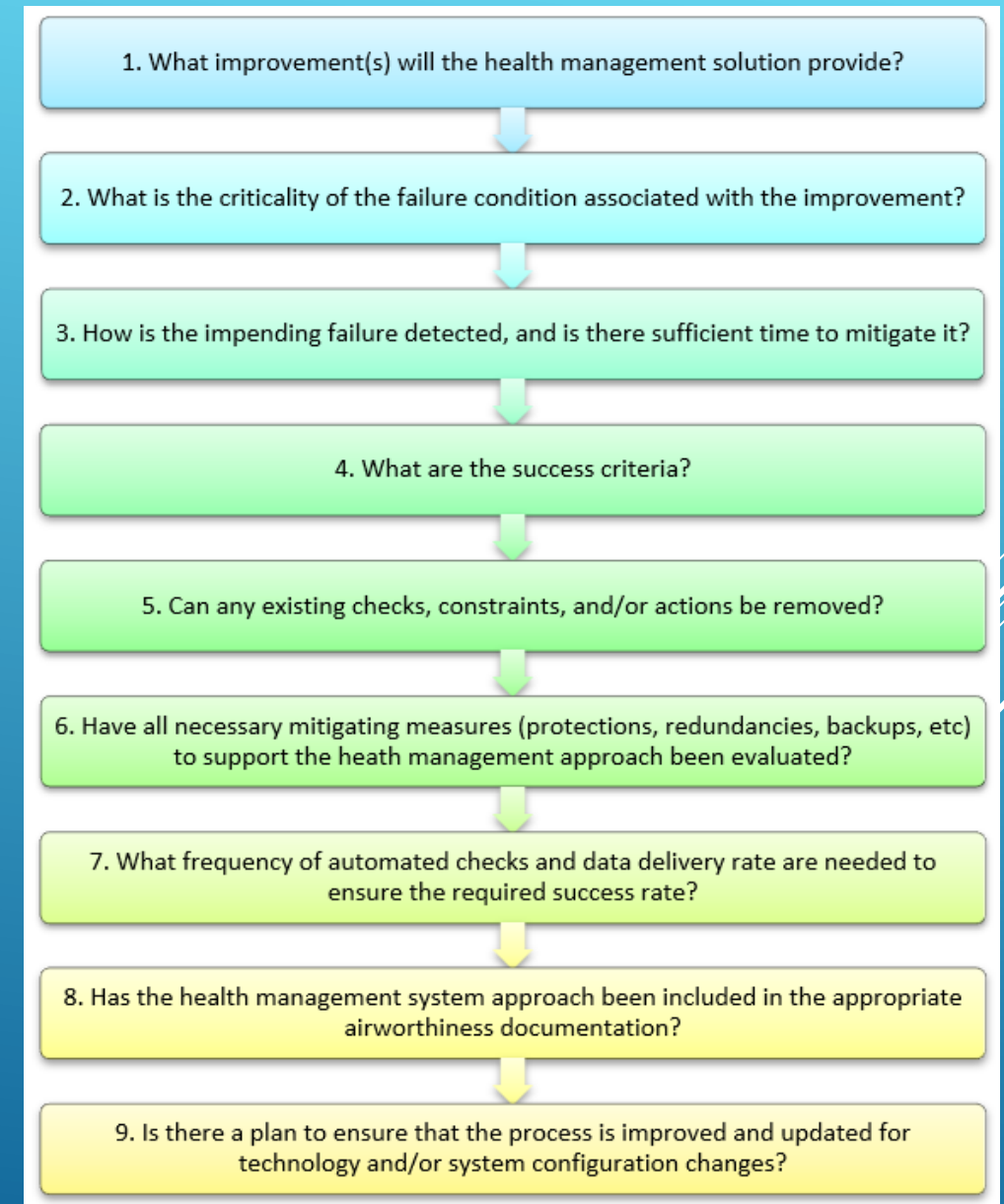
1. Scope .....	2
2. REFERENCES .....	2
2.1 Applicable Documents .....	2
2.1.1 SAE Publications .....	2
2.2 Related Publications .....	3
2.3 Definitions .....	3
2.3.1 AIRWORTHINESS CREDIT .....	3
2.3.2 HEALTH MANAGEMENT DEPENDENT DESIGN .....	3
2.3.3 AIRWORTHY .....	3
2.3.4 CONTINUED AIRWORTHINESS .....	4
2.3.5 INSTRUCTIONS FOR CONTINUED AIRWORTHINESS (ICA) .....	4
2.3.6 MITIGATING MEASURE .....	4
2.4 Glossary .....	4
3. INTRODUCTION .....	5
3.1 Consequence vs Probability Concept Applied to Fielded System .....	6
3.2 Consequence vs Probability Concept Applied to New Design .....	7
4. AIRWORTHINESS CREDITS and HEALTH MANAGEMENT DEPENDENT DESIGNS .....	7
4.1 Introduction to Airworthiness credits .....	7
4.2 Introduction to Health Management Dependent Designs .....	8
4.3 Airworthiness credits Process Questions .....	8
5. Notes .....	10
5.1 Revision Indicator .....	10
APPENDIX A - AIRWORTHINESS CREDIT CHECKLIST .....	11
APPENDIX B - AIRWORTHINESS CREDIT EXAMPLES .....	13

Target Publication:  
EOY2022



# ARP5987A AND ARP7122

- ▶ Considers EHM and Integrated Vehicle Health Management (IVHM) systems to be end-to-end processes with on- and off-board elements.
- ▶ Outlines a high-level process for obtaining approval for any EHM or IVHM system.
- ▶ Leaves the details of the guidance steps up to the applicants and their dialog with regulators.
- ▶ Extends the IP-180 Level 3 analysis from non-safety critical failure effects categories to all categories (FEC 5-9).
- ▶ Provides examples in the appendix to guide applicants on how to obtain approval for airworthiness credits for a system or component.



# HM-1R COMMITTEE STANDARDS

## 6 Published Documents to be Transferred from HM-1:

- **ARP5783** – HUMS Metrics, Monitoring the Monitor
- **AS5391A** – Helicopter HUMS Accelerometer Interface Specification
- **AS5392A** – HUMS Rotational System Indexing Sensor Specification
- **AS5393A** – HUMS Blade Tracker Interface Specification
- **AS5394A** – HUMS Advanced Multipoint Interface Specification
- **AS5395** – HUMS Data Interchange Specification



## 1 Document soon to be in WIP:

- Data Interchange Specification for HUMS

Inaugural Meeting in August: Huntsville AL USA



# AISC-SHM STANDARDS

## 3 Documents Published:

- **AIR6245** – Perspectives on Integrating Structural Health Monitoring Systems into Fixed-Wing Military Aircraft
- **AIR6892** – Structural Health Monitoring Considerations and Guidance Specific to Rotorcraft
- **ARP6461A** – Guidelines for Implementation of Structural Health Monitoring on Fixed Wing Aircraft

## 1 Document in WIP:

- **ARP6821** – Guidance for Assessing the Damage Detection capability of Structural Health Monitoring Systems

SHM Summit with Regulators planned for 2022  
Meets in conjunction with IWSHM at Stanford

# G-11M STANDARDS

## **5 Documents Published:**


- **AIR4276A** – Survey Results: Computerization of Reliability, Maintainability, and Supportability in Design
- **JA1010/1-202205** – Maintainability Program Standard Implementation Guide
- **JA1010-201108** – Maintainability Program Standard
- **JA1011-200908** – Evaluation Criteria for Reliability-Centered Maintenance Processes
- **JA1012-201108** – A Guide to the Reliability-Centered Maintenance Standard

No meetings planned

- ▶ Contact SAE Committee Manager,  
Kevin Bires: [kevin.bires@sae.org](mailto:kevin.bires@sae.org)

HOW TO GET INVOLVED

## Questions for the audience

1. What PHM standards would you like to see developed?
  2. Which standards development organizations do feel produces the most relevant standards and best practices for your area of interest?
  3. What is your primary source for PHM standards and recommended practices?
- 
- A series of four parallel white lines of varying lengths, slanted diagonally upwards from left to right, located in the bottom right corner of the slide.

# Open Discussion

1. How can innovation, sustainability, business case rationalization and trustworthiness be boosted by standards and best practices?
2. How can best practices and standards be more accessible, trusted and responsive to all parts of the research, development, commercialization and asset management value chain?
3. Which standards are most relevant for your area of interest and why?
4. What PHM and AI-related standards would you like PHM to develop?

Others?

At the end of the session, what are your priorities for PHM Standards:

# Way Forward- Get Involved!

- IJPHM papers and communications
  - Indexed in the Emerging Sources Citation Index
    - Submit an abstract
    - Submit an abstract for the Standards Special Issue
- Updates on standards in progress
  - *PHM Standards Portal* - what else would be useful there?
  - Standards Users Group - join
  - Forum discussions or Slack channel - participate
- Standards Review Process
  - *PHM-ISO connect*: want to help?
  - Other Standards Development Organizations- want to help?
- What else would be useful?
  - Standards forum: <https://www.phmsociety.org/forum/592>

**Please complete the evaluation of the session on the VERT app.**

Thank you

Hope to see you contribute your ideas and time for PHME24